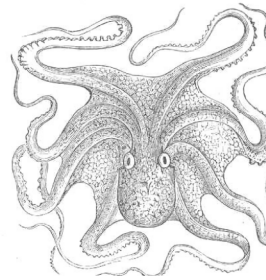


οἱ ἀριθμοί

•	ἓν	• • • • •	ἕξ
• •	δύο	• • • • •	ἐπτά
• • •	τρία	• • • • •	ὀκτώ
• • • •	τέσσαρα	• • • • •	ἐννέα
• • • • •	πέντε	• • • • •	δέκα



πρώτος
δεύτερος
τρίτος
τέταρτος
πemptός



ἄρσενικόν: εἶς δύο τρεῖς τέσσαρες
θηλυκόν: μία δύο τρεῖς τέσσαρες

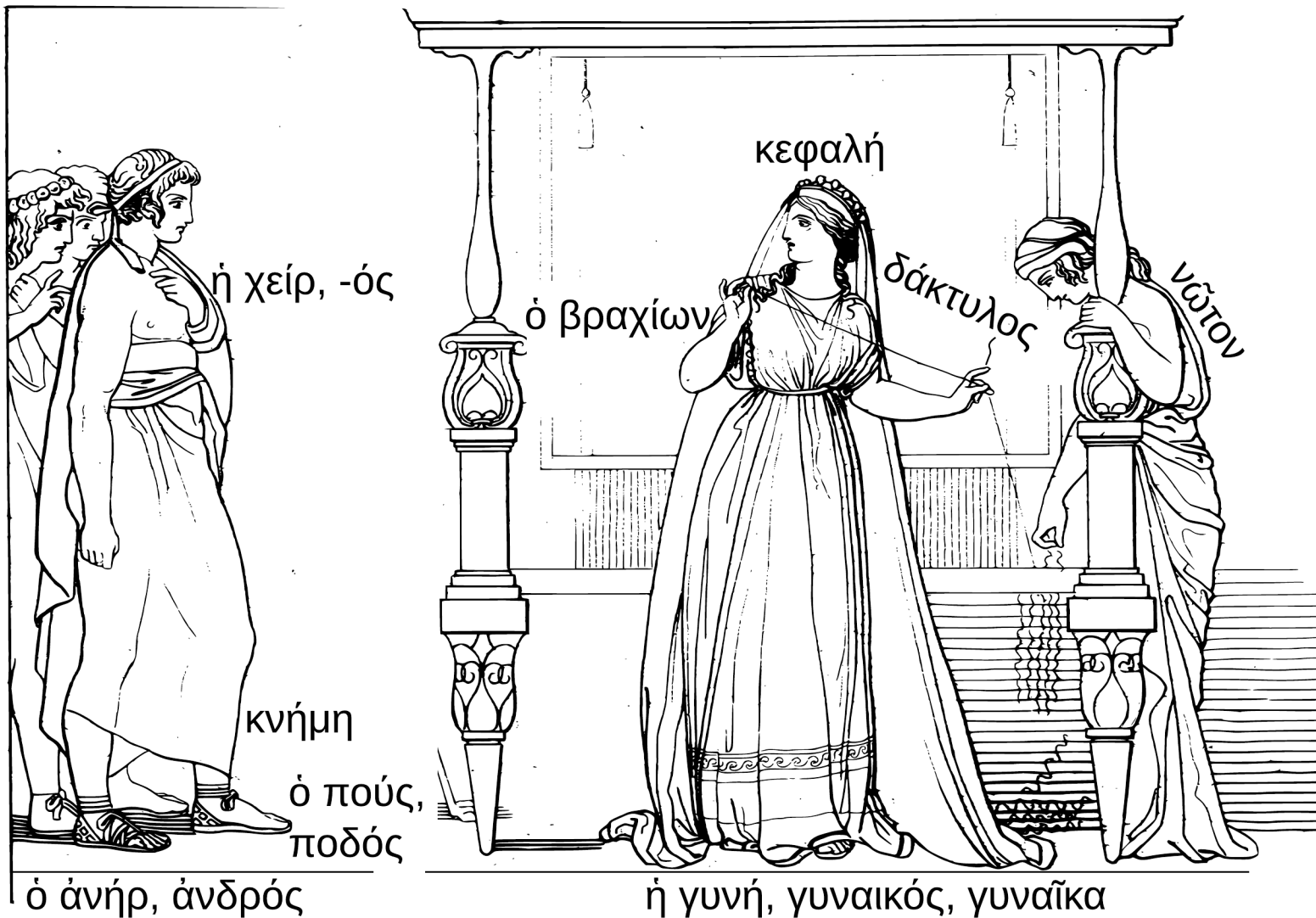
Homer has 4=τέσσαρα, other ancient dialects τέτταρα. Modern: ένα, τέσσαρα, ἕξι.
Cognates: dual, triangle, pentagon (etc.), decade, prototype, Deuteronomy, tritium.

τά ὄμματα, τα πρόσωπα



In Homer, face=τά ὄμματα (lit. eyes), τα πρόσωπα (or -πατα) (pl.). Modern πρόσωπο. Lit. "next to the eyes." "Hair," τρίχες, is always plural, so the sing. nom. root θρίξ never occurs in Homer. "Ear" usually occurs as οὖατα or οὖατος, often in stylized descriptions of actions such as skinning a man and cutting off his ears with "unpitying brass," "τοῦ δ' ἀπὸ μὲν ῥίνας τε καὶ οὖατα νηλεῖ χαλκῷ" (Odyssey 22.476). Cognates: cephalic, stomach, acoustic, glossary, tresses.

τα γυῖα, τα μέληα, τό δέμας



ὀστέον



καρδία
τό αἷμα



ὁ χρώς
τό δέρμα

Modern: χέρι, πόδι, ἀνδρας, γυναῖκα. In Homer, σῶμα=dead body, τα γυῖα, τα μέληα=the body (lit. "the limbs"). κνήμη = lower leg, shin bone. Homer has several words for "limb," but none for the (whole) leg specifically. δάκτυλος never occurs as an independent word in Homer, but is found 27 times in the set phrase ῥοδοδάκτυλος ἠώς, rosy-fingered dawn. Cognates: κνήμη=ham; gynecology; pedal; androgynous; somatic; μέληα=member, melody; notochord; cardiology; hemoglobin; χρώς=chroma (skin, color, complexion).

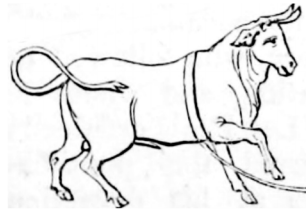
τα ζῶα, τα θηρία



ὁ κύον,
κυνός



ἵππος



ὁ/ἡ βοῦς, βοός



μῆλον

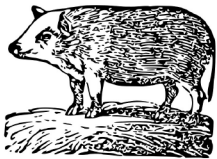
μικρά:

ὁ σκύλαξ,
σκύλακος

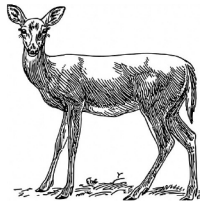


μόσχος

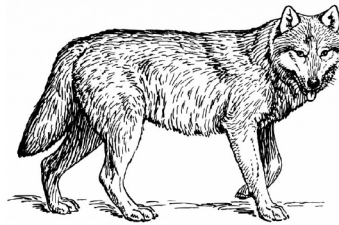
ἄρνα



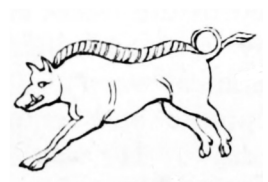
ὁ/ἡ σῦς,
συός



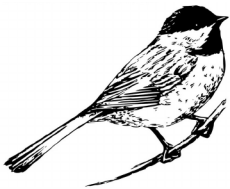
ἔλαφος



λύκος



κάπρος

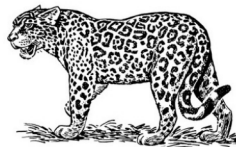


ὄρνις

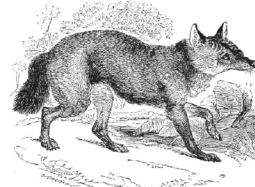


λέων

less common:



πάρδαλις



θώς



αἰετός

κάπρος=boar, θώς=jackal, Iliad 11. αἰετός, Iliad 17, 21. Cognates: zoo, canine, hippo, lion, lycanthrope, ornithology. Modern dog=σκύλος, sheep=πρόβατο.

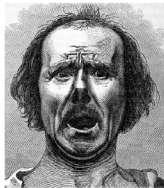
τό πάθος



γηθέω
χαίρω



ἄχθομαι



φόβος
φοβέω



χόλος
χώομαι
ἡ μῆνις



ἡ ὕβρις
ὑπεροπλία



ἡ φιλία
ὁ ἔρως

Ὁ Ἀχιλλεύς καὶ ὁ Πάτροκλος



ὁ ἔλεος



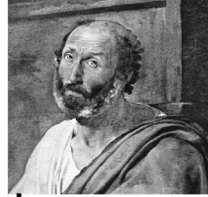
τό θαῦμα

Descriptions of emotional state that in English would be expressed using to be+adjective ("I am happy") are instead expressed using verbs, e.g., "χαίρω." Modern χαίρετε is a greeting, meaning to rejoice in the gospels. ἔλεος=pity. μῆνις=anger (Iliad 1.1). χωόμενος=angry (Iliad 1.44). φόβος, φοβέω literally refer to fleeing. ὕβρις=hubris, ὑπεροπλία=scorn. θαῦμα=wonder, marvel, surprise. φιλία=love, friendship. ἔρως=love, erotic love. Cognates: erotic, phobia, hubris.

ὁ νους



ὁ λόγος



ὁ νους
ἡ ἔννοια
φρονέω



ἡ ψυχή
ὁ θυμός



ὁ ὕπνος
τό ἐνύπνιον
τό ὄναρ
ὁ ὄνειρος

φρονέω=understand, intend.

ὁ οὐρανός



ὁ ἥλιος



ἡ σελήνη



ὁ ἀστήρ



ἡ ἀστραπή
ἡ βροντή
ὁ Ζεὺς



ῥοδοδάκτυλος Ἥως



ὁ χειμών

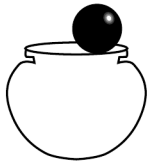


ὁ ἄνεμος
τό πνεῦμα

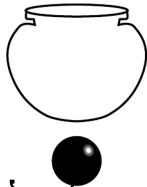


Cognates: helium, seleniim, asteroid, brontosaurus, anemometer, pneumatic, *Eohippus*=dawn horse.

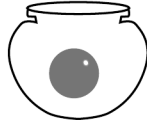
prepositions



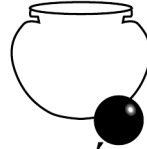
ἐπί
λέβητι



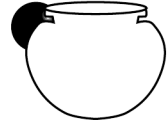
ὑπό
λέβητος



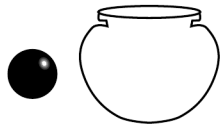
ἐν
λέβητι



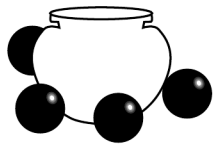
πρό
λέβητος



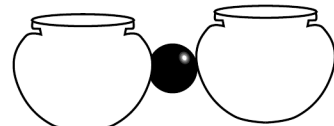
ὀπισθεν
λέβητος



παρά λέβητι



περί λέβητα
ἀμφί λέβητα



μεταξύ λεβήτων



A λέβης was a cooking pot, used as a unit of value in trade. The word occurs frequently in Homer in descriptions of lavish gifts or treasures. NAGD = λέβης, λέβητα, λέβητος, λέβητι.

τρόποι ανθρώπων



καλή



κακή



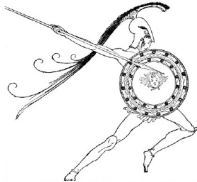
νέα



γεραιός
αἰδοῖός



δεινός



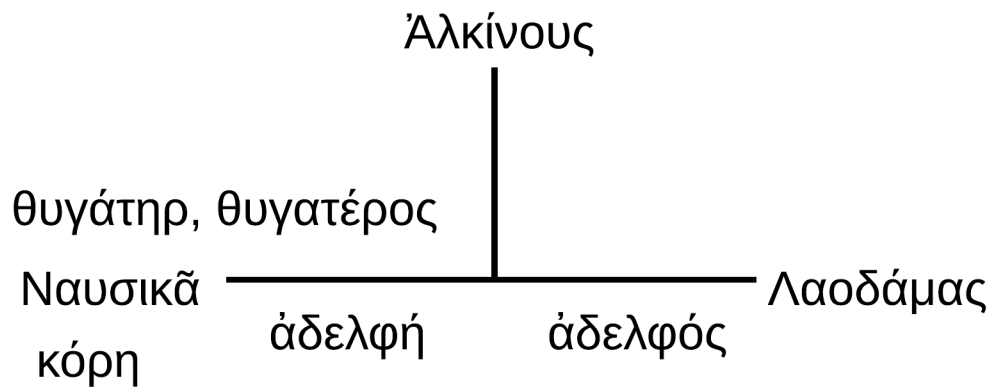
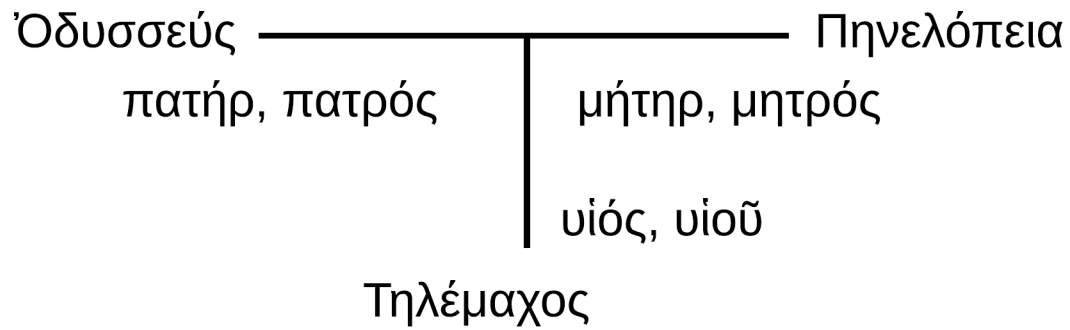
ἀγαθός



λαμπρός

καλή = good, beautiful, well formed. κακή = bad, lowborn, cowardly, ugly, evil. νέα = young. γεραιός = old. αἰδοῖός = dignified. δεινός = terrible, great. ἀγαθός = highborn, brave. λαμπρός = brilliant.

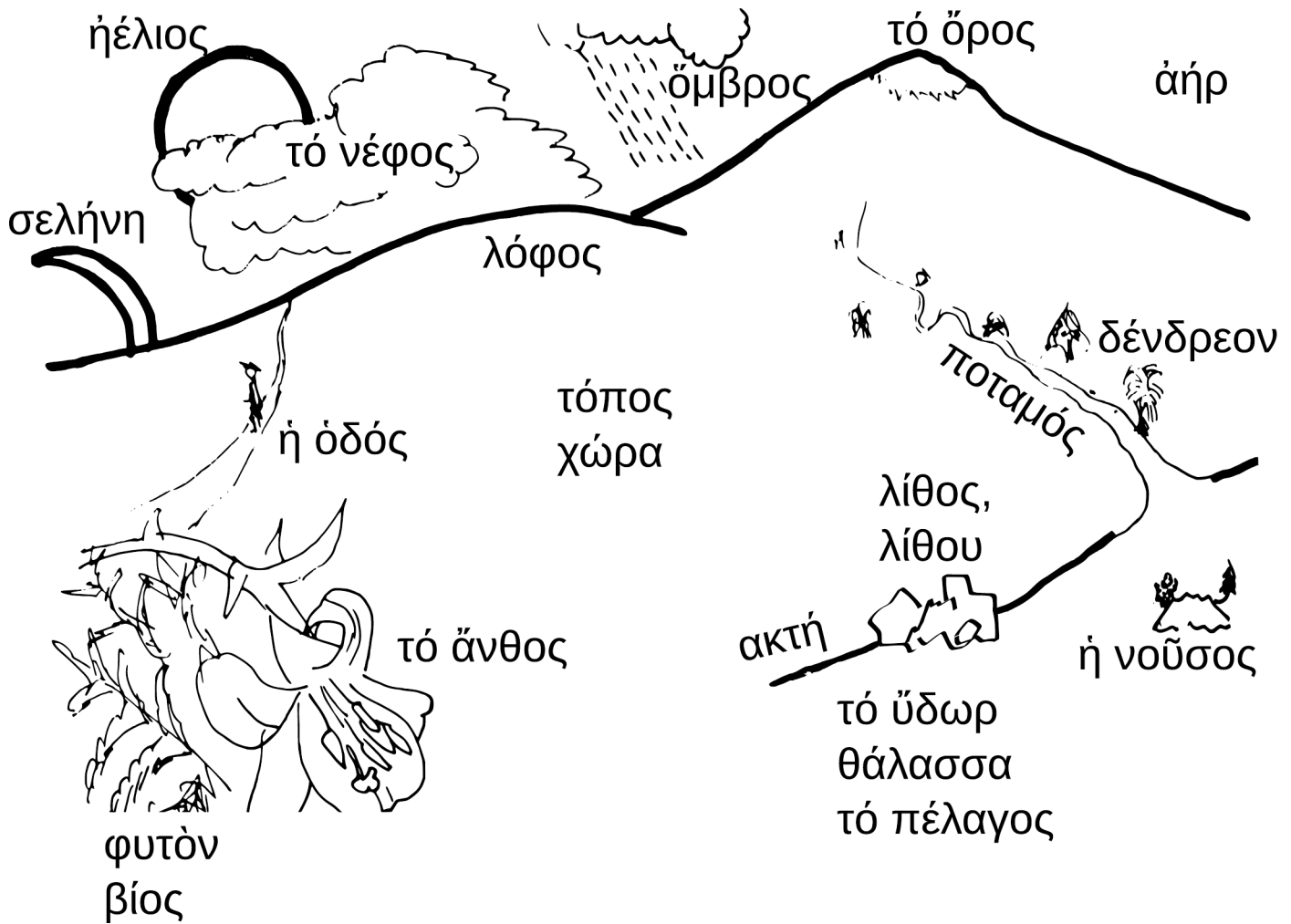
οἶκος



τέκνον
παῖς, παιδός δμῶς

οἶκος = household, family. "Husband" and "wife" are expressed using phrases such as "my man." δμῶς = slave taken in war; female house slave. Modern "son"=υἱός. "Daughter" can be expressed as θυγάτηρ or κόρη. Cognates: economics, paternal, maternal, Philadelphia, pediatrician, δμῶς=tame, θυγάτηρ=daughter, τέκνον=technology (both from a root meaning to bring forth, create).

ἡ φύσις, ὁ κόσμος, ἡ γῆ, γῆς



φύσις=nature. κόσμος=world. γῆ=earth. Modern water=νερό. Cognates: physics; cosmic; geometry; air; hippopotamus; dendrite, rhododendron; lithograph; hydraulic; anther; biology; phytoplankton; helium; pelagic; topology; ὁδός=ride, hodoscope.